PLUS vs PRIVATE Comparison

Parent PLUS Loan

Private Student Loan

Primary Borrower	Parent of a dependent undergraduate student	Parent or Student
Cosigner Required	Only if parent has an adverse credit history	Cosigner often required

CreditCriteria

FAFSA Required	Yes	No
Lender	Federal government	Private lenders and financialstitutions
Interest Rate Type	Fixed	Fixed and variable options
Interest Rate	7.54% (202-2023academic year)	Depends on borrower and cosigner credit
Interest Rate Reduction for Auto Pay	0.25%	Varies by lender
Tax Deductible Interest	Yes	Yes
Loan Fees	4.228% 2022-2023academic year)	Varies by lender (Typically 0% to 5%)
Prepayment Penalties	No	No
Interest Capitalization	Once at repayment	Monthly, quarterly, annually, or once at repayment
Annual LoarLimits	Cost of Attendance (COA) minus other student aid	Cost of Attendance (COA) minus other student aid

1	1	
	1	
	1	
		Full deferment
	,	
Forbearance Options	3-year limit (1-year increments)	Varies by lender
4	1	1

WHEN REPAYMENT BEGINS

Parent PLUS Loans

Parent PLUS Loan borrowers can stratking payments right away, or choose between two repayment deferment options.

- Immediate RepaymentFull payments start after full disbursement of the loan.
- Deferment Options Defer principal and interest payments until the student graduates **rops** below half-time enrollment; OR **d**fer principal and interest payments un**b** information interest payments un**b** information interest payments unb interest payments after the student graduates or drops below half-time enrollment.

Interest continues to add up during deferment, increasing the amount of the loan.

Private Student Loans

Private student loan deferment options vary by lender. Here are some common options:

- Immediate RepaymentFull payments of principal and interest begin within 6300 days after disbursement of the loan.
- Interest-Only PaymentsBorrowers must make payments **a**t least the new interest that accrues while the student is enrolled at least halfime and during the month grace period. Then, full payments of principal and interest begin.
- Fixed InSchool PaymentsBorrowers make fixed monthly payments of \$25 peem per month during the ischool and grace periods. Then, full payments of principal and interest begin. Any interest over the \$25 will continue to add up, increasing the loan balance.
- Full Deferment:Borrowers do not make any payments during the sime and grace periods. Monthly payments of principal and interest begin 6 months after the student graduates or drops below inhelfenrollment. Interest continues to add up, increasing the loan balance.

Some private student loan lenders require immedizepayment. Other lenders let the borrower choose, but may offer interest rate discounts for making payments while in school.

IMPORTANT THINGS TO CONSIDER WHEN COMPARING LOA

The primary borrower and the cosigner (if applicable) are responsible for the Ideadoesn't matter if the parent is the primary borrower (Parent PLUS Loan) or a cosigner (private student loan).

A cosigner is a coorrower, with equal responsibility to repay the debBoth types of loans will appear on the borrower's credit history, which could affect eligibility for other types of debt, such as credit cards, auto loans, and home loans